

CBSG Program Brief

FY 2015-2016



Logistics:

The Livingston Community Prevention Project (LCPP) consists of four partner agencies that

collaborate to provide substance abuse prevention services in Livingston County. The collaborative partners are LACASA, Karen Bergbower & Associates, Key Development Center, Inc., and Livingston County Catholic Charities. The LCPP provides prevention services to students, parents, schools and the community. The primary focus areas the LCPP targets are: (1) lack of perceived risk of alcohol, (2) lack of perceived risk of prescription medication, and (3) reducing illicit drug use.

In agreement with the Livingston County Community Alliance (LCCA) and other prevention partners, the LCPP selected schools in Pinckney, Brighton and Hartland Districts to launch prevention services in the early grades with the national, evidence-based Curriculum Based Support Group (CBSG) model.

Additional partners included parents and school administrators who enthusiastically embraced the concept of early intervention services in the lower grades. The Livingston County United Way supported additional programming in a fourth school. The LCCA recognized this model as a pivotal accomplishment in their prevention agenda.

Primary Problem, and Associated Intervening Variables:

Offering prevention programming to the vulnerable children in grades 4, 5 and 6 was possible only by identifying an evidence-based model designed to reach these younger children. The current model, Project SUCCESS, was not validated for use with the younger grades. After several years of discussion and investigating appropriate models, the CBSG model was selected and national training acquired.

The CMHPSM Priority Areas, Problems and Intervening Variables are:

CMHPSM Priority Area 1: Reducing Childhood and Underage Drinking

- a) Primary Problem: Early aggression, academic failure, school dropout
- b) Intervening Variables: Lack of perceived risk of alcohol

CMHPSM Priority Area 2: Reducing Prescription and Over the Counter Abuse/Misuse

- a) Primary Problem: Early aggression, academic failure. School dropout
- b) Intervening Variables: Lack of perceived risk of prescription medication

CMHPSM Priority Area 3: Reducing Illicit Drug Use

- a) Primary Problem: Early aggression, academic failure, school dropout
- b) Intervening Variables: Lack of perceived risks of illicit drugs

Evidence Based Intervention and CSAP Strategies:

The CBSG (Curriculum Based Support Groups) program was initially implemented in Livingston County's elementary schools in 2015-16. Groups were facilitated in Pinckney, Brighton and Hartland community schools. Nationally trained implementers provided early intervention services to prevent or reduce youth substance use.

The CBSG facilitators primarily work with elementary level students, grade levels fourth, fifth and sixth in small group settings within the school. CBSG facilitators work collaboratively with school staff to refer students who need additional services to school counselors, or can provide them with additional resources that may be helpful. The CBSG program is a support group intervention designed to increase resiliency and reduce risk factors among children and youth ages 4-17 who are identified as being at elevated risk for early substance use and future delinquency and violence (e.g., they are living in adverse family situations, displaying observable gaps in coping and social skills, or displaying early indicators of antisocial attitudes and behaviors).

Based on cognitive-behavioral and competence-enhancement models of prevention, the CBSG Program teaches essential life skills and offers emotional support to help children and youth cope with difficult family situations; resist peer pressure; set and achieve goals; refuse alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs; and reduce antisocial attitudes and rebellious behavior. Delivered in 12 weekly, 1 hour support group sessions, the curriculum addresses topics such as self-concept, anger and other feeling, dreams and goal setting, healthy choices, friends, peer pressure, life challenges, family chemical dependency, and making a public commitment to staying drug free and true to life goals. Lesson content and objectives are essentially the same for all participants but are tailored for age and developmental status.



CBSG trained implementers use information disbursement, prevention and intervention education, and problem identification as the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) intervention strategies.

Outcomes/Results:

NREPP measured outcomes for CBSG included antisocial attitudes, rebellious behavior, attitudes and intentions about substance use, and substance use. An overall rating of 3.7 on a scale of 4 applied to each of the four outcomes criteria in the research.

In accordance with the evidence-based CBSG model, the LCPP slated as its single outcome an increased pre/post test score or a 32 on a 10 item scale extracted from the Individual Protective Factors Index (IPFI, Springer & Phillips, 1977). Participants will demonstrate they maintain or improve their anti-substance-abuse attitudes and intentions via improved scores between pre and post tests or a minimum score of 32 on both tests. The improved score meets the criteria for the model's inclusion on SAMHSA's National Registry of Evidence-based Programs and Practices.

In 2015-16, CBSG was offered in Navigator, Maltby and Creekside Schools. Eighty-three students were referred to the groups and sixty-five completed the 12-week group. Sixty-one students completed both pre and post tests. The projected and achieved outcomes in Priority Areas are:

Priority Area 1: Lack of Perceived Risk of Alcohol

- Eighty percent of students who completed the program maintained or improved their “non-use attitudes toward alcohol and other drugs” as indicated by comparison of their post-survey scores against their pre-survey scores or a minimum score of thirty-two on both pre and post surveys. (ACTUAL ACHIEVED OUTCOME: 83%)

Priority Area 2: Lack of Perceived Risk of Prescription Medication

- Eighty percent of students who completed the program maintained or improved their “non-use attitudes toward alcohol and other drugs” as indicated by comparison of their post-survey score against their pre-survey scores or a minimum score of 32 on both pre and post surveys. (ACTUAL ACHIEVED OUTCOME: 83%)

Priority Area 3: Reducing Illicit Drug Use

- Eighty percent of students who completed the program maintained or improved their “non-use attitudes toward alcohol and other drugs” as indicated by comparison of their post-survey score against their pre-survey scores or a minimum score of 32 on both pre and post surveys. (ACTUAL ACHIEVED OUTCOME: 83%)

Additionally, twelve professionals participated in a national CBSG training held in Livingston County in September of 2016. With newly trained staff and supervisors, the LCPP intends to continue expansion of CBSG in the lower grades. Facilitators, students, school administrators, and prevention advocates throughout the county are delighted with the CBSG curriculum and the students’ reaction to it. We look forward to continued use of the model in Livingston County’s prevention efforts.

